

WHO-MONICA Project: data refer to 13 EU population. Mean annual coronary event rates (fatal and non fatal first and recurrent events) per 100,000 during 10-year registration (mid 1980s-mid 90s) in men and women aged 35-64 years; 28-day case fatality; trend of coronary event rates in 10 years

Country	Population	MEN			WOMEN		
		Coronary event rate (x 100,000)	28-day case fatality (%)	Trend of coronary event rate (x 100,000)	Coronary event rate (x 100,000)	28-day case fatality (%)	Trend of coronary event rate (x 100,000)
Belgium	Charleroi	487	50.1	0.3	118	59.3	1.1
	Ghent	346	47.4	-3.2	77	58.0	-3.0
Czech Republic	Czech Republic	515	52.8	-0.4	101	53.9	2.1
Denmark	Glostrup	517	52.5	-4.2	140	58.0	-2.5
Finland	Kuopio Province	718	45.7	-6.0	124	38.7	-4.5
	North Karelia	835	48.1	-6.5	145	41.3	-5.1
	Turku/Loimaa	549	48.5	-4.2	94	48.9	-4.5
France	Lille	298	58.7	-1.1	64	69.5	-1.6
	Strasbourg	292	49.0	-2.1	64	57.1	-6.6
	Toulouse	233	40.0	-3.9	36	59.8	-1.7
Germany	Augsburg	286	55.1	-3.2	63	64.6	0.9
	Bremen	361	49.6	-3.4	81	52.0	0.7
	East Germany	370	50.0	-0.5	78	62.8	2.5
Iceland	Iceland	486	36.9	-4.7	99	34.1	-3.7
Italy	Area Brianza	279	40.7	-2.3	42	52.5	-3.5
	Friuli	253	45.1	-0.9	47	49.9	-0.8
Lithuania	Kaunas	498	54.8	1.2	80	53.7	2.7
Poland	Tarnobrzeg Voivodship	461	82.7	1.1	110	88.4	-0.1
	Warsaw	586	59.9	0.8	153	59.2	1.0
Spain	Catalonia	210	60.7	1.8	35	45.5	2.0
Sweden	Gothenburg	363	43.6	-4.2	84	45.4	-3.7
	Northern Sweden	509	36.1	-5.1	119	34.4	-2.4
UK	Belfast	695	41.0	-4.6	188	41.5	-2.4
	Glasgow	777	48.2	-1.4	265	46.4	0.2

Source: Lancet 1999; 353:1547-57.

